

Question type		Description	Examples
1	Gathering information	Students recall facts, definitions, or procedures.	<p>When you write an equation, what does the equal sign tell you?</p> <p>What is the formula for finding the area of a rectangle?</p> <p>What does the interquartile range indicate for a set of data?</p>
2	Probing thinking	Students explain, elaborate, or clarify their thinking, including articulating the steps in solution methods or the completion of a task.	<p>As you drew that number line, what decisions did you make so that you could represent $\frac{7}{4}$ on it?</p> <p>Can you show and explain more about how you used a table to find the answer to the Smartphone Plans task?</p> <p>It is still not clear how you figured out that 20 was the scale factor, so can you explain it another way?</p>
3	Making the mathematics visible	Students discuss mathematical structures and make connections among mathematical ideas and relationships.	<p>What does your equation have to do with the band concert situation?</p> <p>How does that array relate to multiplication and division?</p> <p>In what ways might the normal distribution apply to this situation?</p>
4	Encouraging reflection and justification	Students reveal deeper understanding of their reasoning and actions, including making an argument for the validity of their work.	<p>How might you prove that 51 is the solution?</p> <p>How do you know that the sum of two odd numbers will always be even?</p> <p>Why does plan A in the Smartphone Plans task start out cheaper but become more expensive in the long run?</p>