



## Mathematic Teaching Practices: Implement tasks that promote reasoning and problem solving

<p><b>High-Level Tasks</b> ~5-10 min</p>	<p>Principles to Actions (p. 17-24) <i>Implement Tasks That Promote Reasoning and Problem Solving</i></p> <p>Reflect on the tasks highlighted in the section above. Jot down your thoughts on the following questions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What are the characteristics of a task that places a high-level cognitive demand on students?</li> <li>• How could you take a low-level task and increase its cognitive demand?</li> <li>• What types of questions could you ask, or what types of moves could you make, to support students who struggle to get started on a problem-solving task, without diminishing the cognitive demand of that task?</li> </ul>
<p><b>Share out</b> ~15-20 min</p>	<p>Groups of 2-3 Partner/Group Share Out</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take the first question from above and have a group go-around and repeat for question.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Productive and Unproductive Beliefs</b> ~10-15 min</p>	<p>Review the “Beliefs about teaching and learning mathematics” chart (p. 11, Obstacles) Consider the following questions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What impact do those beliefs have on students’ opportunities for reasoning and problem solving in the lesson?</li> </ul> <p>As a group of 2-3, be prepared to address the whole group with your thoughts on “What supports do our teachers need from us so that their mathematics classrooms can support student reasoning and problem solving?”</p>
<p><b>Task Sort Activity</b> ~25 min</p>	<p>SBAC Practice Items</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In groups of 2 to 3, sort the SBAC practice items using the Levels of Demand on p. 18</li> <li>• Discuss in your group what you notice or what you wonder</li> <li>• As a larger group, list (on chart paper) what you see as implications for instruction in the classroom</li> </ul>



## Mathematic Teaching Practices: Use and Connect Mathematical Representations

<p><b>Use and Connect Mathematical Representations</b> ~15-20 min</p>	<p>Principles to Actions (p. 24-29) <i>Use and Connect Mathematical Representations</i></p> <p>Groups of 2-4 Skim/Scan section</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Use sticky note to record a phrase or a sentence that captures an important idea for you in this section (have a back-up in case someone else has chosen the same passage)</li><li>• Choose time keeper and original speaker</li><li>• The “original speaker” uses up to 1 minute to: Read aloud the passage selected</li><li>• Original speaker says what he/she thinks about the passage (interpretation, connection and/or implication to our work)</li><li>• Group participants respond to what has been said for up to 3 minutes</li><li>• The original speaker has 1 minute for the final word: either summarizing what was said or describing new thinking based on group discussion</li><li>• Repeat process until all participants have shared their passage</li></ul>
<p><b>Relationships between representations</b> ~10 - 15 min</p>	<p>Revisit one of the SBAC items</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Individually, show how students might solve each problem by using different representations.</li><li>• Discuss the relationships among all the representations generated for each problem with members of your group</li></ul>
<p><b>Productive Beliefs to Connect Representations</b> ~10 - 15 min</p>	<p>Review the “Beliefs about teaching and learning mathematics” chart (p. 11, Obstacles)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• What productive beliefs are evident in the Mr. Harris’s classroom, shown in figure 10 (p. 27–28)?</li><li>• How do those beliefs support students in making connections among different representations of the problem?</li></ul>