Is It Developing and Using Models?

Teacher Notes

The answer is <u>all of the examples are true</u> about what students do when developing and using models.

In fact, all of the examples can be linked to NGSS K-12 Performance Expectations.

	Linked
Example	Performance
	Expectation
Α	K - 2-ETS1-2
В	HS - PS3-2
С	K - ESS3-1
D	HS - ESS2-6
Е	5 - PS1-1
F	4 - PS4-2
G	5 - PS3-1
Н	MS - LS1-2
Ι	MS - PS1-5
J	MS - ESS1-1
K	MS - PS1-1
L	HS - PS1-1
М	2 - LS2-2
N	HS – LS1-5
Ο	4 - PS4-1
Р	3 - LS1-1
Q	5 - LS2-1

Examples Grouped by Grade Band	
А	K - 2-ETS1-2
С	K - ESS3-1
М	2 - LS2-2
Р	3 - LS1-1
0	4 - PS4-1
F	4 - PS4-2
Е	5 - PS1-1
G	5 - PS3-1
Q	5 - LS2-1
K	MS - PS1-1
Ι	MS - PS1-5
Н	MS - LS1-2
J	MS - ESS1-1
L	HS - PS1-1
В	HS - PS3-2
Ν	HS – LS1-5
D	HS - ESS2-6

Background Information

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Practice 2 Developing and Using Models

Modeling can begin in the earliest grades, with students' models progressing from concrete "pictures" and/or physical scale models (e.g., a toy car) to more abstract representations of relevant relationships in later grades, such as a diagram representing forces on a particular object in a system. (NRC Framework, 2012, p. 58)

Models include diagrams, physical replicas, mathematical representations, analogies, and computer simulations. Although models do not correspond exactly to the real world, they bring certain features into focus while obscuring others. All models contain approximations and assumptions that limit the range of validity and predictive power, so it is important for students to recognize their limitations.

In science, models are used to represent a system (or parts of a system) under study, to aid in the development of questions and explanations, to generate data that can be used to make predictions, and to communicate ideas to others. Students can be expected to evaluate and refine models through an iterative cycle of comparing their predictions with the real world and then adjusting them to gain insights into the phenomenon being modeled. As such, models are based upon evidence. When new evidence is uncovered that the models can't explain, models are modified.

In engineering, models may be used to analyze a system to see where or under what conditions flaws might develop, or to test possible solutions to a problem. Models can also be used to visualize and refine a design, to communicate a design's features to others, and as prototypes for testing design performance.